ROLL NUMBER

No. of question: 200
No. of printed pages: 28

Rajasthan Bank Manager Exam
MODEL PAPER SET NO. 1
Time: 2 Hours
Maximum Marks: 200

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINEES:

1) You have to enter ROLL number on the test booklet in the Box alongside. Do not write Anything else on the Test Booklet.
2) This Test Booklet contains 200 items (Questions). Each item comprises four responses (answer).
   You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best, in any case, Choose only one response for each question.
3) All Questions (Items) Carry Equal Marks
4) All the questions are compulsory.
5) Sheets for rough are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
6) You should treat this like the actual Rajasthan Bank Manager Model paper Exam Question Paper.
Reasoning

1. If $O$ denotes $\times$, $N$ denotes $\div$, $K$ denotes $+$ and $J$ denotes $-$, then find the value of $24 \ O \ 84 \ N \ 12 \ K \ 16 \ J \ 52 = \ ?$
   
   a) 159  
   b) 132  
   c) 155  
   d) 130

2. 'Talk' is related to 'Speak' in a certain way; similarly 'Honest' is related to 'Truthful'. In the same way, 'Listen' is related to ?
   
   a) Music  
   b) Ears  
   c) Hear  
   d) Ignore  
   e) Sound

3. 'Lead' is related to 'Pencil' in the same way as 'Ink' is related to ?
   
   a) Bottle  
   b) Pen  
   c) Stamp  
   d) Pot  
   e) Color

4. A is wife of B who is children of C. M is mother of D who is son of C, then how is C related to A?
   
   a) Father /  
   b) Brother-in-law  
   c) Brother /  
   d) Father-in-law

5. Arrange the following words according to the order given in the dictionary. 1. Represent 2. Recession 3. Reforms 4. Resign 5. Reptiles
   
   a) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5  
   b) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4  
   c) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4  
   d) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4

Read the given information carefully and answer the asked questions below

6. Among six people - A, B, C, D, E and F each of are all in different age group, A is younger than only D. Only three people are younger than C. F is younger than E, F is not the youngest. Who amongst the following is the youngest?
   
   a) B  
   b) A  
   c) E  
   d) C  
   e) None of these

7. If E’s age is 16 years, than which of the following may be B’s age?
   
   a) 19 years
b) 22 years
c) 18 years
d) 17 years
e) 12 years

8. From the given alternative words select the one which can/can't be formed using the letters
   of the given word?
   a) COMBINATIONS
   b) NAME
   c) NATIONAL
   d) MOTION
   e) COMMON

9. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word WONDERS, each of which has as
   many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward directions) as they
   have between them in the English alphabetical series.
   a) One
   b) Two
   c) Three
   d) More than three
   e) None

10. In a certain code language, 'DRINK' is coded as ‘JMHQC’ and ‘BLOTS’ is coded as
    ‘RSNKA’. In the same code language, ‘HONEY’ will be coded as?
    a) XDMOG
    b) GNMDX
    c) XDMNG
    d) DXMGN
    e) None of these

11. From the given alternative words select the one which can/can't be formed using the letters
    of the given word?
    a) REVOLUTIONARY
    b) VOLUTE
    c) RELATION
    d) EVALUATE
    e) RELUTIO

12. In each of the following questions, a series is given, with one term missing choose the
    correct alternative from the given one that will complete the series.4, 3, 6, 25, 168, ?
    a) 1512
    b) 1414
    c) 1503
    d) 1308

13. In each of the following questions, a series is given, with one term missing choose the
    correct alternative from the given one that will complete the series. LGK, KIL, JKM, IMN, ?
    a) HOM
    b) HOO
    c) GNL
    d) GON
14. Find the odd number/letter/figure/number pair from the given alternative.
   a) 633
   b) 541
   c) 862
   d) 498

15. If the digits in the number ‘25673948’ are arranged in ascending order from left to right, what is the sum of the digits which are fourth from the right and third from the left in the new arrangement?
   a) 10
   b) 9
   c) 5
   d) 6
   e) 8

16. In certain code GIVE is written as MDVJH, then how SHARK will be written in the same code?
   a) JSQIT
   b) JQAIT
   c) TIDQJ
   d) JQBTI
   e) JQIAT

17. A man is facing north. He turns 45° in clockwise direction and another 45° in the same direction and then 225° in the anti clock wise direction. Again he turns 135° clockwise direction and 270° anticlockwise direction. In which direction he is facing now?
   a) South-East
   b) East
   c) South-West
   d) South

18. In a certain code language ‘DATE’ is written as ‘ZDRF’ and ‘EXAM’ is written as ‘AAYN’. How is ‘VIEW’ will be written in that code language?
   a) RLCX
   b) RLBZ
   c) ROCY
   d) IVEW

19. Direction: In each of the following questions, select the related word from the given alternatives. Touch : Feel : : Greet :
   a) Smile
   b) Acknowledge
   c) Success
   d) Manners

20. Direction: In each of the following questions, select the related word from the given alternatives. House : Room : : World :
   a) Land
   b) Sun
   c) Air
21. Find the odd number/letter/figure/number pair from the given alternative.
   a) Luanda  
   b) Seoul  
   c) Rome  
   d) Turkey

22. Which one of the following diagram best depicts the relationship among Boys, Students and Athletics?
   a) A  
   b) B  
   c) C  
   d) D

23. In each of the following questions, select the related letter/word/number from the given alternatives. SQC : LjV : : DAK : ?
   a) WTE  
   b) VSD  
   c) WTD  
   d) VTE

24. In each of the following questions, select the related letter/word/number from the given alternatives. 4 : 50 : : 1 : ?
   a) 2  
   b) 4  
   c) 9  
   d) 10

25. In each of the following questions, select the related letter/word/number from the given alternatives
   a) Neem : Cotton  
   b) Fibre : Jute  
   c) Thread : Cloth  
   d) Moth : Wheat

**English Language**

26. Against each key word are given four suggested meanings. Choose the word or phrase which is nearest in meaning to the key word. ANTAGONIST:
   a) Hostile  
   b) Pluralistic  
   c) Mockery  
   d) Aghast

27. Against each key word are given four suggested meanings. Choose the word or phrase which is nearest in meaning to the key word. APPERTAIN:
   a) Give up  
   b) Offence  
   c) To be Appropriate  
   d) Thankful
28. Against each key word are given four suggested meanings. Choose the word or phrase which is opposite in meaning to the key word. LURID:
   a) Murky
   b) Dismal
   c) Ignorant
   d) Mild

29. Against each key word are given four suggested meanings. Choose the word or phrase which is opposite in meaning to the key word. MANIFEST:
   a) Unmistakable
   b) Apparent
   c) Obscure
   d) Irrelevant

30. Choose the word that is nearest in meaning to the capitalised word. ABASE:
   a) Humiliate or degrade oneself
   b) Uncouth
   c) Baseless
   d) Forceful

31. Choose the word that is nearest in meaning to the capitalised word. SHAM:
   a) Rubbish
   b) Lovable
   c) Pretence
   d) Guilty

32. In the following question pick the wrong spelt word.
   a) Autopsy
   b) Autocratic
   c) Akward
   d) Asylum

33. In the following question pick the wrong spelt word.
   a) Abnormity
   b) Aberration
   c) Abstinant
   d) Abstention

34. Directions: Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any will be in one part of the sentence, the letter of that part will be the answer. In an effort.
   a) / to make peace
   b) / Priya spoke separately
   c) / to both the person.

35. They had a narrow escape
   a) / when skating as
   b) / roaring avalanche
   c) / just missed them.
36. The movie star should not have
   a) / allowed the press
   b) / at the scene had he
   c) / known about the fuss.

**Directions:** Choose the most appropriate word from the given options to fill up the blank in the sentence.

37. When he reached the doctors house he ....... out already.
   a) Went
   b) gone
   c) has gone
   d) had gone

38. The Government agreed to pay compensation ......... damaged crops, land and cattle.
   a) to
   b) through
   c) for
   d) of

**Directions:** Choose the Antonym of the following:

39. EXONERATE
   a) Moderate
   b) Accuse
   c) Watchful
   d) Acquire

40. REPLETE
   a) Disentangle
   b) Improper
   c) Devoid
   d) Renovate

**Directions:** Choose the Synonym of the following:

41. SPORADIC
   a) Epidemic
   b) Whirling
   c) Occasional
   d) Stagnant

42. SOPORIFIC
   a) Flattering
   b) Sickening
   c) Exciting
   d) Sleep-producing

**Directions:** In the following questions, you have a brief passage with five questions following the passage. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and indicate your correct alternative.
While it may suit adult students very well it is very doubtful whether correspondence education would be adequate for undergraduates of the usual college age group of sixteen to twenty. Young people in their teens need the discipline and the supervision of a regular college course with all that it involves in the observance of an integrated schedule of work and play, the personal association with teachers, and the psychological stimulus provided by competition with other students. There are obvious exceptions of course, such as the physically handicapped, who cannot get full value from a normal college education, but on the whole this distinction between young students and mature scholars is valid enough. It is therefore evident that the correspondence system of education, with provide access to higher studies to people who would otherwise be denied it, but it will do little to ease the pressure on existing colleges.

43. Correspondence courses are most suitable for:
   a) teenagers
   b) villagers
   c) Those who are between sixteen and twenty
   d) none of the above

44. Correspondence courses are designed in such a way as to:
   a) enforce better discipline in schools and colleges.
   b) Stimulate the students for competition.
   c) gain a personal association with teachers through correspondence.
   d) enable those who could not as adults attend colleges to obtain education if they so desire.

45. The difference between the young students and mature scholars is:
   a) that the former are more disciplined than the latter.
   b) that the latter need lesser personal attention than the former.
   c) that the former are more competitive than the latter.
   d) that the latter are psychologically better equipped than the former.

46. A regular college course for youngsters is desirable because:
   a) they cannot carry on with their studies independently.
   b) that ensures a neatly arranged programme of academic work that is proper for their age.
   c) they always need the assistance of teachers to study properly.
   d) otherwise, they will be physically and mentally handicapped

47. The correspondence system of education is expected to:
   a) reduce the quantum of rush to the colleges existing at present.
   b) bring about no change in the pattern of admissions to colleges.
   c) create more opportunities for the weaker sections to obtain higher education
   d) increase the number of educated unemployed in the country.

Directions: In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

It called for help from the jackal to get out of the well. But the jackal ran away smiling and with the pride of having ...(93)... the poor goat. On the way he met a cat. Most sarcastically he told the cat, “Oh ! You lot is really pitiable. For food you have to ...(94)... on left-overs. You have to go to the backside of houses, hotels or garbage dumps for your food. I catch fouls, kill and eat them.” When he was ...(95)... like this some hunting dogs came that way. The cat was clever.
It jumped up on a tree. But the jackal had …(97)… to go. Even though it tried to run, the hunting dogs …(97)… it and killed it. All his slyness, could not save him, from his doom.

48. (a) won (b) gained (c) ditch (d) cheated

49. (a) depend (b) hunt (c) wait (d) bent

50. (a) whispering (b) moaning (c) boasting (d) crying

**Accountancy**

51. The assets of a business can be classified as
   a) Only fixed assets
   b) Only current assets
   c) Fixed and current assets
   d) None of the above

52. What is customer value?
   a) Post purchase dissonance
   b) Excess of satisfaction over expectation
   c) Ratio between the customer’s perceived benefits and the resources used to obtained these benefits
   d) None of the above

53. The cost of capital method includes
   a) dividend yield method
   b) earning yield method
   c) growth in dividend method
   d) all of the above

54. Which method does not consider the time value of money
   a) Profitability Index
   b) Net present value
   c) Average rate of return
   d) Internal Rate of Return

55. Risk in capital budgeting implies that the decision maker knows __________ of the cash flows.
   a) Probability
   b) Variability
   c) Certainty
   d) None of these

56. Cost of capital is helpful in corporative analysis of various
   a) Product
   b) Source of Finance
   c) Source of Material
   d) Source of Services

57. Which one of the following is not used to estimate cost of equity capital?
   a) A.External yield criterion
   b) B.Capital asset pricing model
c) C. Dividend plus growth rate
  d) D. Equity capitalisation approach

58. Cost of capital from all the sources of funds is called
   a) Implicit Cost
   b) Specific cost
   c) Composite cost
   d) Simple Average Cost

59. The concept of present value is based on the
   a) Principle of compound
   b) Principle of discounting
   c) Both (a) and (b)
   d) None of the above

60. Which of the following term is used to represent the proportionate relationship between debt and equity?
   a) Cost of capital
   b) Capital structure
   c) Assets Structure
   d) Capital Budgeting

61. Which of the following has the highest cost of capital?
   a) Bonds
   b) Loans
   c) Equity shares
   d) Preference shares

62. The overall capitalisation rate and the cost of debt remain constant for all degrees of financial leverage is advocated by
   a) M-M Approach
   b) Traditional Approach
   c) Net Income Approach
   d) Net operating Income Approach

63. The cost of debt capital is calculated on the basis of
   a) Capital
   b) Net proceeds
   c) Annual Interest
   d) Arumal Depreciation

64. Two mutually exclusive projects with different economic lives can be compared on the basis of
   a) Net Present Value
   b) Profitability Index
   c) Internal Rate of Return
   d) Equivalent Annuity value

65. The basic objective of financial Management is
   a) Ensuring financial disciplined in the organisation
   b) Maximization of shareholders wealth
c) Profit planning of the organisation
d) Maximization of profits

66. Which statement is true about financial management?
a) The maximisation of profit is often considered as an implied objective of a firm
b) The wealth of a firm is defined as the market price of the firm's stock
c) An option is a claim without any liability
d) All of the above

67. Which of the following is not included in the assumption on which Myron Gordon proposed a model on Stock valuation?
a) Taxes do not exist
b) Finite Life of the firm
c) Constant rate of return on firms investment
d) Retained earning the only source of financing

68. Which is called as Dividend Ratio Method?
a) Asset Method
b) Equity Method
c) Debt Equity Method
d) Dividend Yield Method

69. If the current ratio is 2 : 1 and working capital is Rs. 60,000, What is the value of the current assets?
a) Rs. 1,00,000
b) Rs. 1,20,000
c) Rs. 1,40,000
d) Rs. 1,60,000

70. Profitability Index, when applied to divisible projects, impliedly assumes that
a) NPV is addictive in nature
b) NPV is linearly proportionate to part of the project taken up
c) Both (a) and (b)
d) Project cannot be taken in parts

71. Which of the following is not a relevant cost in capital budgeting?
a) Sunk cost
b) Allocated overheads
c) Both (a) and (b)
d) Opportunity cost

72. Which of the statement is true about dividend policy?
a) A stable and regular dividend keeps speculations away and prices of shares remain stable for longer period.
b) The dividend policy should be framed in accordance to the expectations of shareholders.
c) Legal requirements play an important role in the formulation of dividend policy.
d) All of the above

73. '360' degree method relates to
a) Retrenchments
b) Employees moral  
c) Organization Climate  
d) Performance appraisal  

74. Which one refers to cash in how under pay back period method?  
a) Cash flow before depreciation and after taxes  
b) Cash flow after depreciation but before taxes  
c) Cash flow before depreciation and taxes  
d) Cash flow after depreciation and taxes  

75. Arrange the following steps involved in capital budgeting in order of their occurrence (i) Project Selection (ii) Project appraisal (iii) Project generation (iv) Follow up (v) Project execution  
a) (i), (ii), (iii), (v), (iv)  
b) (i), (iii), (ii), (v), (iv)  
c) (ii), (iii), (i), (v), (iv)  
d) (iii), (ii), (i), (v), (iv)  

76. Depreciation is incorporated in cash flows because it  
a) Is a cash flow  
b) Reduces tax liability  
c) Involves an outflow  
d) Is unavoidable cost  

77. Which one is more appropriate for cost of retained earning?  
a) Opportunity cost to the firm  
b) Weighted Average cost of capital  
c) Expected rate of return by the investor  
d) None of the above  

78. Debt financing is a cheaper source of finance because of  
a) Rate of Interest  
b) Time value of Money  
c) Tax deductibility of Interest  
d) Dividends not payable to lenders  

79. Which of the following steps of purchase decision process is in sequence? (i) Problem recognition (ii) Search for alternative (iii) Evaluation of alternative (iv) Purchase action (v) Post purchase act  
a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v)  
b) (i), (iii), (ii), (v), (iv)  
c) (iii), (ii), (i), (v), (iv)  
d) (iv), (iii), (i), (v), (ii)  

80. According to which of the following the firms market value is not affected by capital market.  
a) Net Income Approach  
b) The Traditional View  
c) M.M. Hypothesis  
d) None of the above  

Computer Knowledge
81. The improvement of computer hardware theory is summarized by which law?
   a) Metcalf's law
   b) Bill's Law
   c) Moore's First Law
   d) Grove's law

82. The most widely used computer device is.
   a) Solid state disks
   b) External hard disk
   c) Internal hard disk
   d) Mouse

83. _______ are software which is used to do particular task.
   a) Operating system
   b) Program
   c) Data
   d) Software

84. Who is father of modern computers?
   a) Abraham Lincoln
   b) James Gosling
   c) Charles Babbage
   d) Gordon
   e) Moore

85. How many generations of computers we have?
   a) 6
   b) 7
   c) 5
   d) 4

86. _________ controls the way in which the computer system functions and provides a means by which users can interact with the computer.
   a) The operating system
   b) The motherboard
   c) The platform
   d) Application software

87. The difference between people with access to computers and the Internet and those without this access is known as the:
   a) digital divide.
   b) Internet divide.
   c) cyberway divide.
   d) Web divide

88. All of the following are examples of real security and privacy risks EXCEPT:
   a) Viruses
   b) Hackers
   c) Spam
   d) Identity theft.
89. The term 'Pentium' is related to
   a) DVD
   b) Hard Disk
   c) Microprocessor
   d) Mouse

90. What does HTTP stands for?
   a) Head Tail Transfer Protocol
   b) Hypertext Transfer Protocol
   c) Hypertext Transfer Plotter
   d) Hypertext Transfer Plot

91. ..........is the process of dividing the disk into tracks and sectors.
   a) Allotting
   b) Crashing
   c) Formatting
   d) Tracking

92. Which computer memory is used for storing programs and data currently being processed by the CPU?
   a) Internal memory
   b) Mass memory
   c) Non-volatile memory
   d) PROM

93. What type of software creates a smaller file that is faster to transfer over the Internet?
   a) Compression
   b) Fragmentation
   c) Encapsulation
   d) Unzipped

94. Which of the following is used for close a tab on a browser?
   a) Ctrl + Y
   b) Ctrl + A
   c) Ctrl + W
   d) Ctrl + T

95. Which of the following is NOT a component of the Central Processing Unit of the computer?
   a) Universal Serial Bus
   b) Uninterrupted Power Supply
   c) CU
   d) Both A & B

96. When cutting and pasting, cutting section is temporarily stored in
   a) Dashboard
   b) Clipboard
   c) Hard drive
   d) Diskette
97. You can move between two or more Excel files opened by using the
   a) ctrl + tab
   b) ctrl + page up
   c) ctrl + page down
   d) ctrl + F9

98. To open find window.
   a) F1
   b) F2
   c) F3
   d) F5

99. ______ Is the execution of at least two different programs simultaneously,
   a) Multiprocessing
   b) Multi programming
   c) Recovery
   d) Integrity

100. __________ Is a mechanism by which all the content in a specified storage areas are written as output.
    a) Scheduling
    b) Logging
    c) Chumping
    d) Dumping

101. This_______ tier processes HTTP protocol scripting tasks, performs calculations, and provides access to data.
     a) Applications / web server
     b) Client
     c) Enterprise server
     d) DBA

102. Programs that automatically submit your search request to several search engines simultaneously are called-
     a) Wedcrawler
     b) Meta search engines
     c) Spiders
     d) Hits

103. Which kind of lock includes a keypad that can be used to control Access into areas?
     a) Cipher
     b) Warded
     c) Device
     d) Tumber

104. The process by which the structure of the database is modified to eliminate hidden dependencies and replacing groups is ________
     a) Normalization
     b) Indexing
c) Enforcing referential integrity
d) Enforcing data integrity

105. The usual method of ____________ mapping is by some arithmetical manipulation of the key value, in direct file organization.
   a) Random
   b) Serial
   c) Direct
   d) one to many

General Knowledge of Rajasthan

106. Which of the following is the state bird of Rajasthan?
   a) Great Indian Bustard
   b) Emerald Dove
   c) Indian roller
   d) Black francolin

107. Which of the following district of Rajasthan does not come under ‘Hadauti region’?
   a) Kota
   b) Baran
   c) Bundi
   d) Pali

108. ‘Kalibangan’ a pre-historic site is located in which district of Rajasthan?
   a) Hanumangarh
   b) Jaisalmer
   c) Sri Ganganagar
   d) Bikaner

109. Which among the following district of Rajasthan does not shares border with Pakistan?
   a) Barmer
   b) Jodhpur
   c) Sri Ganganagar
   d) Jaisalmer

110. Which dance form of Rajasthan is included in Intangible Cultural Heritage list of UNESCO?
   a) Ghoomar
   b) Kalbelia
   c) Kachi Ghodi
   d) Terah Taali

111. Keoladeo National Park is located in which district of Rajasthan?
   a) Bharatpur
   b) Ajmer
   c) Jaipur
   d) Kota

112. ‘Jaisamand lake’ is considered as the second largest artificial lake in the world and first in Asia. In which district of Rajasthan is it situated?
   a) Jaipur
113. Which river of Rajasthan is known as ‘Van Ki Asha’ (Hope of the forest)?
   a) Banas
   b) Luni
   c) Chambal
   d) Mahi

114. Which district of Rajasthan has been nicknamed “The Golden city”?
   a) Jaisalmer
   b) Jaipur
   c) Bikaner
   d) Udaipur

115. Chaurasi Khambon Ki Chhatri or “84-Pillared Cenotaph” is located in which district of Rajasthan?
   a) Bundi
   b) Alwar
   c) Jaisalmer
   d) Jaipur

116. Rajasthan State Formation day?
   a) 05, October
   b) 17, August
   c) 01, November
   d) 01, August

117. The number of Tiger Reserves in Rajasthan state?
   a) 01
   b) 03
   c) 04
   d) 02

118. In Which year Mughal Empire replaced by the British Empire?
   a) 1843
   b) 1818
   c) 1828
   d) 1819

119. Which state is North to Rajasthan?
   a) Gujarat
   b) Uttar Pradesh
   c) Punjab
   d) West Bengal

120. State Animal of Rajasthan?
   a) Chinkara
   b) Tiger
c) Camel
d) Elephant

121. Desert National Park is located at
   a) Bikaner
   b) Jaisalmer
   c) Bhilwara
   d) Kota

122. In Which District Central Camel Breeding Centre is located?
   a) Baran
   b) Jodhpur
   c) Tonk
   d) Jhunjhunu

123. The state tree of Rajasthan?
   a) Khejari
   b) Babool
   c) Neem
   d) Mango

124. Total Number of districts in Rajasthan?
   a) 28
   b) 33
   c) 38
   d) 24

125. Rank of Rajasthan by Area?
   a) 05
   b) 02
   c) 01
   d) 09

126. Maharana Pratap horse Chetak tomb situated at?
   a) Udaipur
   b) Rajasamand
   c) Ganga Nagar
   d) Bharatpur

127. Makrana town is famous for?
   a) Suitings production
   b) Crude oil
   c) Marble
   d) Edible Oils

128. Lake Foy Sagar situated at?
   a) Bhilwara
   b) Jodhpur
   c) Bikaner
   d) Ajmer
129. Rajasthan day is celebrated on?
   a) 30 March
   b) 24, September
   c) 12 August
   d) 01 December

130. Rajasthan Tourism Tagline?
   a) A New Experience
   b) The Incredible state of India
   c) Full of Surprises
   d) God’s Own Country

131. Which Rajasthan city is famous for Excellent coaching for Engineering and Medical Entrance examinations?
   a) Kota
   b) Jaipur
   c) Udaipur
   d) Bikaner

132. Which city is called as Rajasthan ka Nagpur?
   a) Kota
   b) Tonk
   c) Jhalawar
   d) Bharatpur

133. The Tropic of Cancer passes through which Rajasthan district?
   a) Udaipur
   b) Baran
   c) Dholpur
   d) Banswara

134. Total Number of Assembly seats in Rajasthan?
   a) 198
   b) 200
   c) 204
   d) 210

135. Largest Cement Producer of Rajasthan?
   a) Chittorgarh
   b) Pali
   c) Sirohi
   d) Nagaur

Quantitative Aptitude

136. From each of the two given unequal numbers, half the smaller number is subtracted. Then, of the resulting numbers, the larger one is five times than the smaller one. Then the ratio of the larger to smaller one is
   a) 2 : 1
   b) 3 : 2
137. When an integer $K$ is divided by 3, the remainder is 1, and when $K + 1$ is divided by 5, the remainder is 0. Of the following, a possible value of $K$ is
   a) 62
   b) 63
   c) 64
   d) 65

138. A farmer has 945 cows and 2475 sheep. He farms them into flocks, keeping cows and sheep separate and having the same number of animals in each flock. If these flocks are as large as possible, then the maximum number of animals in each flock and total number of flocks required for the purpose are respectively
   a) 15 and 228
   b) 9 and 380
   c) 45 and 76
   d) 46 and 75

139. The number of sides in two regular polygons are in the ratio 5 : 4 and the difference between each interior angle of the polygons is $6^\circ$. Then the number of sides are
   a) 15, 12
   b) 5A
   c) 10, 8
   d) 20, 16

140. If the length of each side of a regular tetrahedron is 12 cm, then the volume of the tetrahedron is
   a) 144 $V$-2 cu. cm.
   b) 72 $f$ cu. cm.
   c) 8, cu. cm.
   d) 12 $J$ cu. cm.

141. A cone, a hemisphere and a cylinder stand on equal base and have the same height. Their volumes are in the ratio
   a) 1: 3: 2
   b) 2: 3: 1
   c) 1: 2: 3
   d) 3: 1: 2

142. Sides of a parallelogram are in the ratio 5 : 4. Its area is 1000 sq. units. Altitude on the greater side is 20 units. Altitude on the smaller side is
   a) 30 units
   b) 25 units
   c) 10 units
   d) 15 units

143. B and C can complete a piece of work in 12 days, C and A can do it in 8 days. All the three can do it in 6 days. A and B together can complete it in
   a) 4 days
   b) 6 days
c) 8 days  
d) 10 days

144. A can do a work in 9 days, if B is 50% more efficient than A, then in how many days can B do the same work?  
   a) 13.5  
   b) 4.5  
   c) 6  
   d) 3

145. The successive discounts of 10% and 20% are equivalent to a single discount of  
   a) 30%  
   b) 28%  
   c) 25%  
   d) 27%

146. Of the three numbers, the sum of the first two is 55, sum of the second and third is 65 and sum of third with thrice of the first is 110. The third number is  
   a) 25  
   b) 30  
   c) 35  
   d) 28

147. The sum of the numerator and denominator of a positive fraction is If 2 is added to both numerator and denominator, the fraction is increased by 1/24. The difference of numerator and denominator of the fraction is  
   a) 5  
   b) 3  
   c) 1  
   d) 9

148. The expression 26n – 42n, where n is a natural number is always divisible by  
   a) 15  
   b) 18  
   c) 36  
   d) 48

149. The sum of a pair of positive integers is 336 and their H.C.F. is The number of such possible pairs is  
   a) 2  
   b) 3  
   c) 4  
   d) 5

150. The difference between the exterior and interior angles at a vertex of a regular polygon is 150°. The number of sides of the polygon is  
   a) 10  
   b) 15  
   c) 24  
   d) 30
151. A man starts from a point and walks 2 km towards north. He turns right and walks 3 km. Then he turns left and travels 2 km. What is the direction he is now facing?
   a) East
   b) West
   c) South
   d) North

152. A can do a work in 21 days. B is 40% more efficient than A. The number of days required for B to finish the same work alone is
   a) 10
   b) 12
   c) 15
   d) 18

153. A discount series of 10%, 20% and 40% is equal to a single discount of
   a) 50%
   b) 56.8%
   c) 70%
   d) 70.28%

154. In a shop, shirts are usually sold at 40% above the cost price. During a sale, the shopkeeper offers a discount of 10% off the usual selling price. If he manages to sell 72 shirts for Rs. 13,608, then his cost price per shirt, in Rs. is
   a) 210
   b) 150
   c) 149
   d) 125

155. Five years ago, the average age of P and Q was 25. The average age of P, Q and R today is 25. Age of R after 5 years will be
   a) 15
   b) 20
   c) 40
   d) 35

156. When two numbers are separately divided by 33, the remainders are 21 and 28 respectively. If the sum of the two numbers is divided by 33, the remainder will be
   a) 10
   b) 12
   c) 14
   d) 16

157. The sum of two numbers is 84 and their HCF is 12. Total number of such pairs of numbers is
   a) 2
   b) 3
   c) 4
   d) 5

158. The wrong number in the sequence 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 17, 19 is
159. One tap can fill a water tank in 40 minutes and another tap can make the filled tank empty in 60 minutes. If both the taps are open, in how many hours will the empty tank be filled?
   a) 2
   b) 2.5
   c) 3
   d) 3.5

160. A, B and C together can complete a piece of work in 30 minutes. A and B together can complete the same work in 50 minutes. C alone can complete the work in
   a) 60 minutes
   b) 75 minutes
   c) 80 minutes
   d) 150 minutes

**Rajasthan Cooperative Act & Rules, Cooperative Structure of Rajasthan**

161. Co-operative movement originated first in
   a) Germany
   b) England
   c) France
   d) Spain

162. The Co-operative Societies Act was passed in India in the year
   a) 1904
   b) 1912
   c) 1919
   d) 1949

163. ‘One man one vote’ principle was recommended by --------- Committee
   a) Gorwala
   b) Mac Lagan
   c) Minto Morley
   d) Montague Chelmsford

164. Apex Society means -------- level society
   a) National
   b) State
   c) District
   d) Village

165. The members of a Co-operative Society have -------- liability
   a) Limited
   b) Unlimited
   c) Joint
   d) Joint and Several
166. The President of a Co-operative Society is
   a) Owner
   b) Employees
   c) Officer
   d) Adviser

167. Which of the following organizational structure is followed by Co-operatives in India?
   a) Unitary Structure
   b) Federal Structure
   c) Centralized Structure
   d) Decentralized Structure

168. Interest Rate of Deposits of a Co-operative Credit Societies are fixed by
   a) Registrar
   b) Government
   c) RBI
   d) General Body

169. The Rules and Regulations of a Co-operative Society is formed in its
   a) Co-operative Act
   b) Co-operative rules
   c) Bylaws
   d) General Body

170. Co-operation is included in the ------- schedule of Indian Constitution
   a) V
   b) VI
   c) VII
   d) IX

171. The National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation established in ............
    has been playing an important role in the development of cooperative marketing in India.
   a) 1918
   b) 1968
   c) 1908
   d) 1958

172. The first marketing cooperative was organized at ........ In the former Bombay
    province in 1915
   a) Hubli
   b) Thane
   c) Pune
   d) Kalyan

173. DCCWSs stands for
   a) District Credit Cooperative Workers
   b) District Consumer Cooperative Wholesale Stores
   c) District Consumer Credit Workers
   d) District Consumer Credit Wholesalers
174. NCHF stands for
   a) National Cooperative Housing Federation of India
   b) National Credit Housing Federation
   c) National Consumer Housing Federation
   d) National cooperative Housing Finance

175. Robert Owen, Dr. William King, Lougi Luzzatti, Louis Blanc are examples of some of the
   a) Economists
   b) Cooperative leaders
   c) Business men
   d) Prime Ministers

176. The process of concentration of cooperative activities at the primary level either by the
     amalgamation of two or more societies carrying out the same business or by the
     incorporation of several functions in one society is known as………………
   a) Horizontal Integration
   b) Link-up system
   c) Vertical Integration
   d) All of the above

177. Two or more single-purpose societies working closely together without losing their
     identity is called
   a) Horizontal Integration
   b) Link-up system
   c) Vertical Integration
   d) All of the above

178. The Urban cooperative banks, salary earners’ societies, thrift and credit societies are
     examples of
   a) Agricultural credit societies
   b) Non-Agricultural credit societies
   c) Both (a) and (b)
   d) None of the above

179. The Kaira District Cooperative Milk Producers Union was formed in 1946 at
   a) Ahmedabad
   b) Allahabad
   c) Anand
   d) Bombay

180. The products of ……………………… is popularly known by the brand name ‘Amul’.
   a) Katra Cooperative Dairy Society
   b) Kaira District Cooperative Milk Producers Union
   c) Baroda Dairy
   d) All of the above

181. The …………..Committee constituted to Review the Arrangements for Institutional
     Credit for Agriculture and Rural Development in 1981, recommended the establishment of
     NABARD.
a) Sivaraman  
b) Sir Maclagan  
c) Khusro  
d) Brahm Prakash

182. The Sivaraman Committee constituted to Review the Arrangements for Institutional Credit for Agriculture and Rural Development in 1981, recommended the establishment of……………..
   a) NABARD  
b) NCDC  
c) NCUI  
d) All of the above

183. The Government of India appointed in 1901 a Committee under the Presidentship of ………….to study the question of starting cooperative credit societies in India.
   a) Sir Federik Nicholson  
b) Sir Edward Law  
c) Dr. William King  
d) Sir Maclagan

184. The Cooperative Credit Societies Act was passed in………..
   a) 1901  
b) 1902  
c) 1903  
d) 1904

185. The Cooperative Societies Act was passed in ……………
   a) 1911  
b) 1912  
c) 1913  
d) 1914

186. The Reserve Bank of India was established in ……….
   a) 1921  
b) 1922  
c) 1933  
d) 1935

187. In the ………………five year plan the Central Committee for Cooperative Training was established
   a) First  
b) Second  
c) Third  
d) Fourth

188. The Sivaraman Committee was constituted in the …………..five year plan and it recommended the establishment of NABARD.
   a) Second  
b) Fourth  
c) Sixth  
d) Eighth
189. The …………….committee was appointed by the Planning Commission of India to prepare a Model Cooperative Bill.
   a) Sivaraman
   b) Sir Maclagan
   c) Khusro
   d) Brahm Prakash

190. In India cooperative legislation started in …………..
   a) 1904
   b) 1912
   c) 1901
   d) 1882

191. The goods produced by the cooperative dairies of Denmark are sold under the trademark ……………
   a) “LURBRAND”
   b) “AMUL”
   c) “DANNISH BUTTER”
   d) “DAAG”

192. The cooperative bacon factories of Denmark have their own marketing organization known as the Danish Bacon Co. Ltd which was situated in …………
   a) Denmark
   b) England
   c) Sweden
   d) Switzerland

193. The cooperative insurance, was started by the establishment of the ………….. In Toad Lane in 1867 in England.
   a) Cooperative Insurance Society
   b) Cooperative Wholesale Society
   c) Rochdale Society
   d) Scottish Cooperative Wholesale Society

194. A group of clergymen and lawyers who called themselves as ‘Christian Socialists’ existed from …………..to ……………….. in England.
   a) 1854 to 1864
   b) 1848 to 1854
   c) 1844 to 1848
   d) 1834 to 1844

195. ……………..is the homeland of agricultural cooperation in the World.
   a) Britain
   b) Germany
   c) Denmark
   d) Israel

196. One of the most interesting and essential features of the ……………cooperative movement is its voluntary development.
   a) British
b) German  
c) Danish  
d) French

197. ...............has no cooperative legislation.
   a) Britain  
   b) Germany  
   c) Israel  
   d) Denmark

198. The ...............movement is a superb example of voluntary effort of common men for alleviating their economic, political and social status.
   a) British  
   b) German  
   c) Danish  
   d) French

199. ...............is the torch bearer to the other countries of the world with respect to cooperative movement.
   a) Britain  
   b) Germany  
   c) Denmark  
   d) Israel

200. The Danish Bacon Co. Ltd was absorbed into Danish Ministry of Agriculture and Food in........
   a) 2000  
   b) 2005  
   c) 2010  
   d) 2009